

	INFANTS/TODDLERS	FROM 1 (3) YEARS AND OLDER	ADDITIONAL OPTIONS FOR OLDER CHILDREN ADOLESCENTS & ADULTS
Disorders of Amino Acid Metabolism			
Phenylketonuria (PKU) Phenylalanine-free	PKU Anamix Infant	XP Maxamaid	PKU Lophlex LQ
Glutaric Aciduria (Type 1) Lysine-free, Tryptophan-low	GA 1 Anamix Infant	X LYS Low TRY Maxamaid	
Isovaleric Acidaemia Leucine-free	IVA Anamix Infant	X LEU Maxamaid	
Maple Syrup Urine Disease (MSUD) Isoleucine-, Leucine, Valine-free	MSUD Anamix Infant	MSUD Maxamaid	
Propionic Acidaemia and Methylmalonic Acidaemia Isoleucine-, Methionine-, Threonine-, Valine-free	MMA / PA Anamix Infant	XMTVI Maxamaid	
Tyrosinaemia Phenylalanine-, Tyrosine-free	TYR Anamix Infant	XPHEN, TYR Maxamaid	
Urea Cycle Disorders Provide Essential Amino Acids	← Essential Amino Acid Mix Dialamine (6 months +) →		
Disorders of Fat Metabolism			
Fatty Acid Oxidation Disorders (e.g. LCHAD, VLCAD, Chylolothorax intractable malabsorption with steatorrhoea HLP type 1) Limit intake of long chain fatty acids	← Monogen →		
Intolerance to fat (including MCAD) Limit fat intake - supplement additional essential fatty acids	Low fat Module		
Adrenoleukodystrophy (ALD) Limit fat intake, inhibit synthesis of VLCFAs	← Lorenzo's Oil →		
Disorders of Carbohydrate Metabolism			
Glucose-Galactose-Intolerance Lactose-low, Glucose-low	← Galactomin 19 →		
Ensuring Adequate Energy Intake Patients on protein-restricted diet			
Protein-free energy source, including full micronutrient range	← Energivit →		
Protein-free energy sources	← Duocal →		
Protein- and carbohydrate-free energy sources	← Calogen, Liquigen (MCT fat) →		
Emergency regimens based on carbohydrate as energy source	← Maxijul →		

All products are foods for special medical purposes and should only be used under medical supervision.

